

Digital Signal Processing

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Digital Signal Processing

Lecture 17

IIR Filters: $H(z)$ and Frequency Response

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READING ASSIGNMENTS

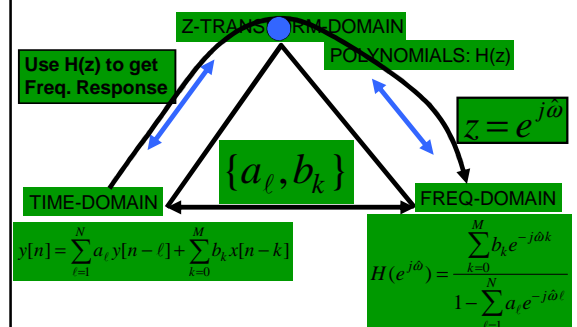
- This Lecture:
 - Chapter 8, Sects. 8-4 8-5 & 8-6
- Other Reading:
 - Recitation: Chapter 8, all
 - POLE-ZERO PLOTS

LECTURE OBJECTIVES

- SYSTEM FUNCTION: $H(z)$
- $H(z)$ has **POLES** and **ZEROS**
- FREQUENCY RESPONSE of IIR
 - Get $H(z)$ first
$$H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = H(z) \Big|_{z=e^{j\hat{\omega}}}$$
- THREE-DOMAIN APPROACH

$$h[n] \leftrightarrow H(z) \leftrightarrow H(e^{j\hat{\omega}})$$

THREE DOMAINS



$H(z) = z$ -Transform{ $h[n]$ }

- FIRST-ORDER IIR FILTER:

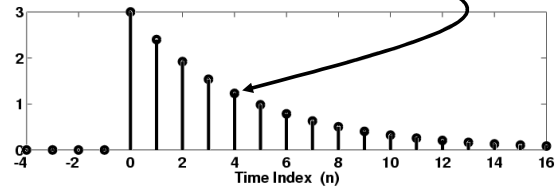
$$y[n] = a_1 y[n-1] + b_0 x[n]$$

$$h[n] = b_0 (a_1)^n u[n]$$

$$H(z) = \frac{b_0}{1 - a_1 z^{-1}}$$

Typical IMPULSE Response

$$h[n] = b_0 (a_1)^n u[n] = 3(0.8)^n u[n]$$



First-Order Transform Pair

$$h[n] = b a^n u[n] \leftrightarrow H(z) = \frac{b}{1 - a z^{-1}}$$

$$H(z) = b_0 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_1^n z^{-n} = b_0 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (a_1 z^{-1})^n$$

$$= \frac{b_0}{1 - a_1 z^{-1}} \quad \text{if } |z| > |a_1|$$

DELAY PROPERTY of $X(z)$

- DELAY in TIME \leftrightarrow Multiply $X(z)$ by z^{-1}

$$x[n] \leftrightarrow X(z)$$

$$x[n-1] \leftrightarrow z^{-1} X(z)$$

Proof: $\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n-1] z^{-n} = \sum_{\ell=-\infty}^{\infty} x[\ell] z^{-(\ell+1)}$

$$= z^{-1} \sum_{\ell=-\infty}^{\infty} x[\ell] z^{-\ell} = z^{-1} X(z)$$

Z-Transform of IIR Filter

- DERIVE the SYSTEM FUNCTION $H(z)$

- Use **DELAY PROPERTY**

$$y[n] = a_1 y[n-1] + b_0 x[n] + b_1 x[n-1]$$

$$Y(z) = a_1 z^{-1} Y(z) + b_0 X(z) + b_1 z^{-1} X(z)$$

EASIER with DELAY PROPERTY

Time delay of n_0 samples multiplies the z-transform by z^{-n_0}

$$x[n - n_0] \leftrightarrow z^{-n_0} X(z)$$

SYSTEM FUNCTION of IIR

- NOTE the FILTER COEFFICIENTS

$$Y(z) - a_1 z^{-1} Y(z) = b_0 X(z) + b_1 z^{-1} X(z)$$

$$(1 - a_1 z^{-1}) Y(z) = (b_0 + b_1 z^{-1}) X(z)$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{b_0 + b_1 z^{-1}}{1 - a_1 z^{-1}} = \frac{B(z)}{A(z)}$$

SYSTEM FUNCTION

- DIFFERENCE EQUATION:

$$y[n] = 0.8y[n-1] + 3x[n] - 2x[n-1]$$
- READ the FILTER COEFFS: $H(z)$

$$Y(z) = \left(\frac{3 - 2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}} \right) X(z)$$

CONVOLUTION PROPERTY

- MULTIPLICATION** of z-TRANSFORMS

$$X(z) \xrightarrow{H(z)} Y(z) = H(z)X(z)$$
- CONVOLUTION** in TIME-DOMAIN

$$x[n] \xrightarrow{h[n]} y[n] = h[n] * x[n]$$

IMPULSE RESPONSE

POLES & ZEROS

- ROOTS of Numerator & Denominator

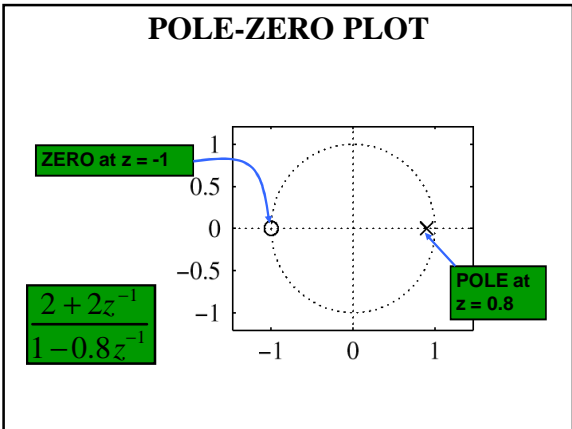
$$H(z) = \frac{b_0 + b_1z^{-1}}{1 - a_1z^{-1}} \rightarrow H(z) = \frac{b_0z + b_1}{z - a_1}$$
- $b_0z + b_1 = 0 \Rightarrow z = -\frac{b_1}{b_0}$ ZERO: $H(z)=0$
- $z - a_1 = 0 \Rightarrow z = a_1$ POLE: $H(z) \rightarrow \text{inf}$

EXAMPLE: Poles & Zeros

- VALUE of $H(z)$ at POLES is **INFINITE**

$$H(z) = \frac{2 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{2 + 2(-1)}{1 - 0.8(-1)} = 0 \quad \text{ZERO at } z = -1$$

$$H(z) = \frac{2 + 2(\frac{4}{3})^{-1}}{1 - 0.8(\frac{4}{3})^{-1}} = \frac{9}{0} \rightarrow \infty \quad \text{POLE at } z = 0.8$$


FREQUENCY RESPONSE

- SYSTEM FUNCTION: $H(z)$
- $H(z)$ has DENOMINATOR
- FREQUENCY RESPONSE of IIR
 - We have $H(z)$

$$H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = H(z) \Big|_{z=e^{j\hat{\omega}}}$$
- THREE-DOMAIN APPROACH

$$h[n] \leftrightarrow H(z) \leftrightarrow H(e^{j\hat{\omega}})$$

FREQUENCY RESPONSE

- EVALUATE on the UNIT CIRCLE

$$H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = H(z) \Big|_{z=e^{j\hat{\omega}}}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{b_0 + b_1 z^{-1}}{1 - a_1 z^{-1}}$$

$$H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = H(z) \Big|_{z=e^{j\hat{\omega}}} = \frac{b_0 + b_1 e^{-j\hat{\omega}}}{1 - a_1 e^{-j\hat{\omega}}}$$

FREQ. RESPONSE FORMULA

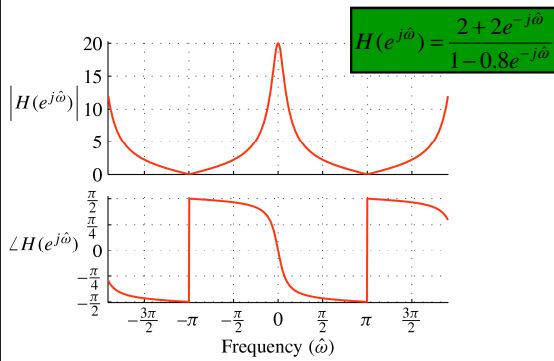
$$H(z) = \frac{2 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}} \rightarrow H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = \frac{2 + 2e^{-j\hat{\omega}}}{1 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}}}$$

$$|H(e^{j\hat{\omega}})|^2 = \left| \frac{2 + 2e^{-j\hat{\omega}}}{1 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}}} \right|^2 = \frac{2 + 2e^{-j\hat{\omega}}}{1 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}}} \cdot \frac{2 + 2e^{j\hat{\omega}}}{1 - 0.8e^{j\hat{\omega}}}$$

$$\frac{4 + 4 + 4e^{-j\hat{\omega}} + 4e^{j\hat{\omega}}}{1 + 0.64 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}} - 0.8e^{j\hat{\omega}}} = \frac{8 + 8\cos\hat{\omega}}{1.64 - 1.6\cos\hat{\omega}}$$

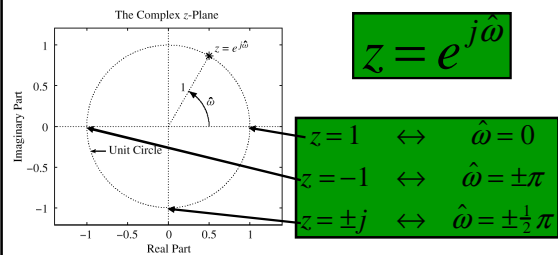
$$\text{@ } \hat{\omega} = 0, |H(e^{j\hat{\omega}})|^2 = \frac{8+8}{0.04} = 400, \quad \text{@ } \hat{\omega} = \pi?$$

Frequency Response Plot

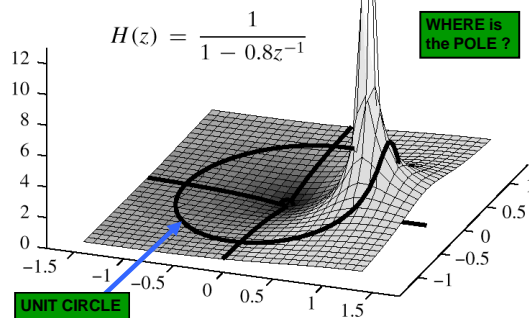


UNIT CIRCLE

- MAPPING BETWEEN z and $\hat{\omega}$

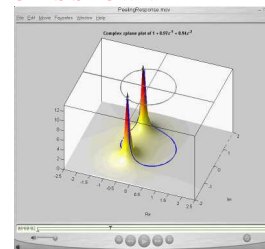


3-D VIEWPOINT: EVALUATE H(z) EVERYWHERE



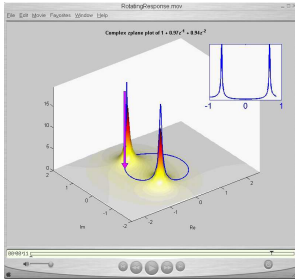
MOVIE for H(z) in 3-D

- POLES to H(z) to Frequency Reponse
- TWO POLES SHOWN

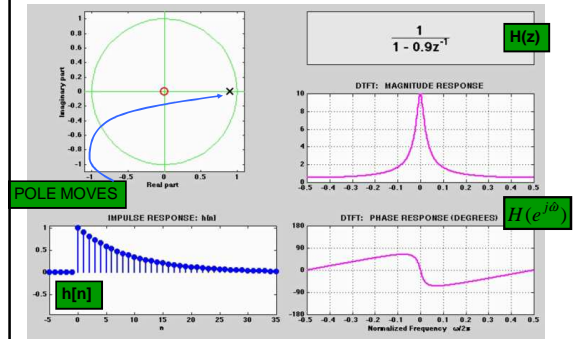


Frequency Response from $H(z)$

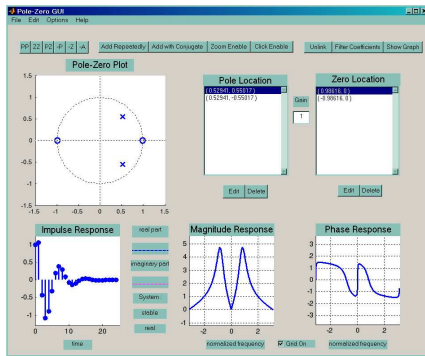
Walking around the Unit Circle



3 DOMAINS MOVIE: IIR



PeZ Demo: Pole-Zero Placing



SINUSOIDAL RESPONSE

- $x[n] = \text{SINUSOID} \Rightarrow y[n]$ is SINUSOID
- Get MAGNITUDE & PHASE from $H(z)$

$$\text{if } x[n] = e^{j\hat{\omega}n}$$

$$\text{then } y[n] = H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) e^{j\hat{\omega}n}$$

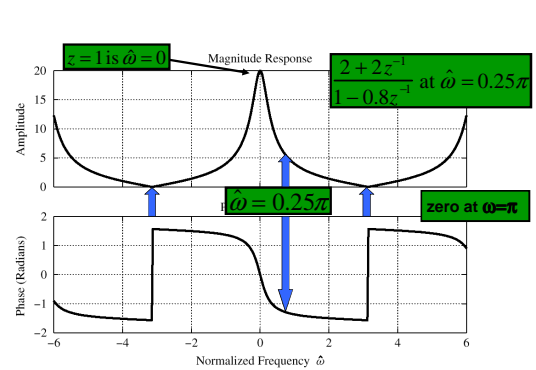
$$\text{where } H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = H(z) \Big|_{z=e^{j\hat{\omega}}}$$

POP QUIZ

- Given: $H(z) = \frac{2+2z^{-1}}{1-0.8z^{-1}}$
- Find the Impulse Response, $h[n]$
- Find the output, $y[n]$
- When

$$x[n] = \cos(0.25\pi n)$$

Evaluate FREQ. RESPONSE



POP QUIZ: Eval Freq. Resp.

- Given: $H(z) = \frac{2 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}}$
 - Find output, $y[n]$, when
 - Evaluate at $x[n] = \cos(0.25\pi n)$
 - $z = e^{j0.25\pi}$
- $$H(z) = \frac{2 + 2(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - j\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})}{1 - 0.8e^{-j0.25\pi}} = 5.182e^{-j1.309}$$
- $$y[n] = 5.182 \cos(0.25\pi n - 0.417\pi)$$

CASCADE EQUIVALENT

- Multiply the System Functions
-
- $$H(z) = H_1(z)H_2(z)$$

SUPERPOSITION

$$y[n] = a_1 y[n-1] + b_0 x[n] + b_1 x[n-1]$$

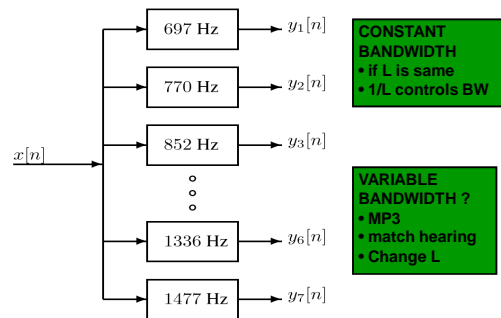
$$y[n] = y_1[n] + y_2[n]$$

where

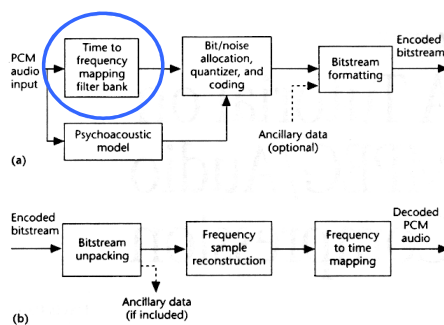
$$y_1[n] = a_1 y_1[n-1] + b_0 x[n] \rightarrow b_0 h[n]$$

$$y_2[n] = a_1 y_2[n-1] + b_1 x[n-1] \rightarrow b_1 h[n-1]$$

FILTER BANK in LAB (BPFs)



MP-3 AUDIO CODING



$H(z)$ from Linearity

- FIRST-ORDER IIR with 2 FIR terms:

$$y[n] = a_1 y[n-1] + b_0 x[n] + b_1 x[n-1]$$

$$h[n] = b_0 a_1^n u[n] + b_1 a_1^{n-1} u[n-1]$$

$$H(z) = \frac{b_0}{1 - a_1 z^{-1}} + \frac{b_1 z^{-1}}{1 - a_1 z^{-1}} = \frac{b_0 + b_1 z^{-1}}{1 - a_1 z^{-1}}$$

INTERPRET ROOTS

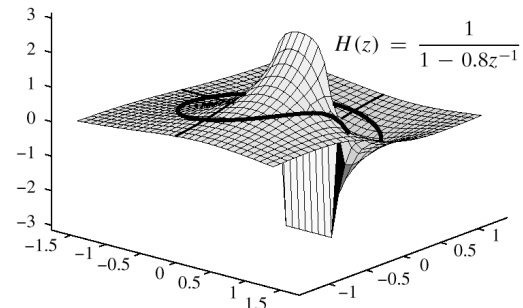
- VALUE of $H(z)$ at POLES is **INFINITE**

$$H(z) = \frac{b_0 + b_1 z^{-1}}{1 - a_1 z^{-1}} = \frac{b_0 z + b_1}{z - a_1}$$

$$H(z) \Big|_{z=-(b_1/b_0)} = 0 \quad \text{ZERO}$$

$$H(z) \Big|_{z=a_1} \rightarrow \infty \quad \text{POLE}$$

PHASE from 3-D PLOT



FREQ. RESPONSE FORMULA

$$H(z) = \frac{2 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}} \rightarrow H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = \frac{2 + 2e^{-j\hat{\omega}}}{1 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}}}$$

$$\frac{2 + 2e^{-j\hat{\omega}}}{1 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}}} = \frac{2 + 2e^{-j\hat{\omega}}}{1 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}}} \cdot \frac{2 + 2e^{j\hat{\omega}}}{2 + 2e^{j\hat{\omega}}}$$

$$\frac{4 + 4 + 4e^{-j\hat{\omega}} + 4e^{j\hat{\omega}}}{1 + 0.64 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}} - 0.8e^{j\hat{\omega}}} = \frac{8 + 8\cos \hat{\omega}}{1.64 - 1.6\cos \hat{\omega}}$$

$$\text{@ } \hat{\omega} = 0, \quad |H(e^{j\hat{\omega}})|^2 = \frac{16}{0.04} = 400 \quad \text{@ } \hat{\omega} = \pi?$$

THREE DOMAINS

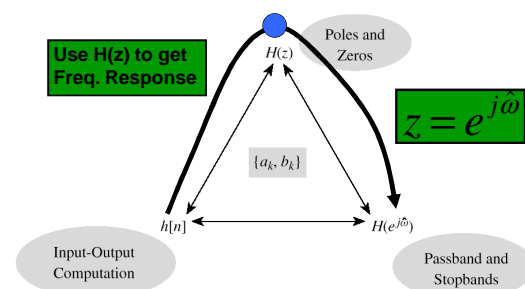


Figure 8.13 Relationship among the n -, z -, and $\hat{\omega}$ -domains. The filter coefficients $\{a_k, b_k\}$ play a central role.

FREQ. RESPONSE FORMULA

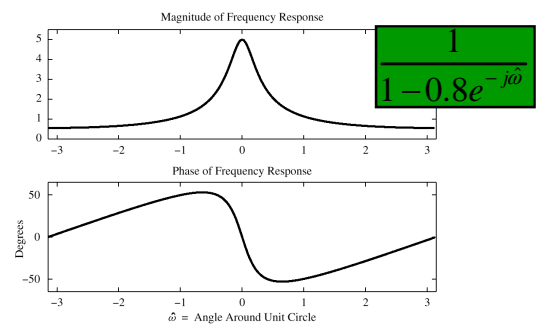
$$H(z) = \frac{1}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}} \rightarrow H(e^{j\hat{\omega}}) = \frac{1}{1 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}}}$$

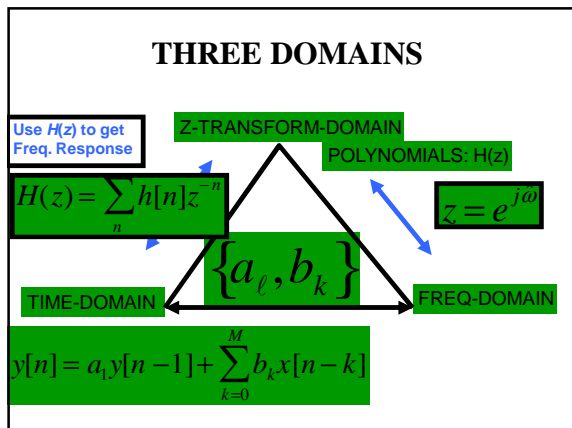
$$|H(e^{j\hat{\omega}})|^2 = \left| \frac{1}{1 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}}} \right|^2 = \frac{1}{1 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}}} \cdot \frac{1}{1 - 0.8e^{j\hat{\omega}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{1 + 0.64 - 0.8e^{-j\hat{\omega}} - 0.8e^{j\hat{\omega}}} = \frac{1}{1.64 - 1.6\cos \hat{\omega}}$$

$$\text{@ } \hat{\omega} = 0, \quad |H(e^{j\hat{\omega}})|^2 = \frac{1}{0.04} = 25 \quad \text{@ } \hat{\omega} = \pi?$$

FREQ. RESPONSE from $H(z)$





POP QUIZ

- Given: $H(z) = \frac{2 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}}$
- Find the Impulse Response, $h[n]$
- Find the output, $y[n]$
 - When

$$x[n] = \cos(0.25\pi n)$$

POP QUIZ: Invert Z

- Given: $H(z) = \frac{2 + 2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}} = \frac{2}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}} + \frac{2z^{-1}}{1 - 0.8z^{-1}}$
- Find the Impulse Response, $h[n]$
 - Use the DELAY PROPERTY

$$h[n] = 2(0.8)^n u[n] + 2(0.8)^{n-1} u[n-1]$$